



## Product Flammability Information

The attached ASTM E-84 is for 3M™ Controltac™ Plus Graphic Marking Film 180C-10. Due to similar film construction, we expect 3M™ Controltac™ Graphic Film with Comply™ v3 Adhesive IJ180Cv3-10 to have comparable results to 3M™ Controltac™ Plus Graphic Marking Film 180C-10 when tested per ASTM E-84.

After a material is subjected to the ASTM E-84 test, it is given a rating based on its performance during the test. Materials are classified into one of three groups based on their tested flame spread characteristics. These groups and their flame spread indexes are listed below:

### Class Flame Spread Index

- I (A) 0-25
- II (B) 26-75
- III (C) 76-200

Class I or (A) rating means it is the most fire resistant category that NFPA recognizes as necessary for interior wall and ceiling finish materials. It will be acceptable in any building in any locality that models its building code after NFPA 101 for wall or ceiling materials.

NFPA 101 is a code that provides minimum requirements for the design, operation and maintenance of building and structures for safety to life from fire and similar emergencies. The requirements differ depending on the type of building.

Many building codes require a smoke developed rating of 450 or less for building materials. The 3M™ Controltac™ Plus Graphic Marking Film 180C-10 meets the requirements of Class I (A) and the smoke developed rating of less than or equal to 450.

If you have any questions about the features or performance of this 3M product, please call Commercial Graphics Division Technical Service at 1-800-328-3908.

Sincerely,  
3M Commercial Graphics Product Responsibility

**ASTM E84-00a**

**SURFACE BURNING  
CHARACTERISTICS**

**3M™ Contraltac™ Plus Graphic Film  
With Comply™ Performance 180-10C**

Report No. 15300 - 109509

September 25, 2001

Prepared For:

3M Company  
Commercial Graphics Division  
3M Center  
Building 207-1W-22  
St. Paul, MN 55422, U.S.A.



### ABSTRACT

Test Material:	<b>3M™ Contraltac™ Plus Graphic Film With Comply™ Performance 180-10C</b>		
Test Standard:	<b>ASTM E84-00a Standard Test Method for SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (ANSI 2.5, NFPA 255, UBC 8-1, UL 723)</b>		
Test Date:	<b>September 17, 2001</b>		
Test Sponsor:	<b>3M Company</b>		
Test Results:	<b>FLAME SPREAD INDEX</b>	<b>=</b>	<b>5</b>
	<b>SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX</b>	<b>=</b>	<b>5</b>

The description of the test procedure and specimen evaluated, as well as the observations and results obtained, contained herein are true and accurate within the limits of sound engineering practice. These results are valid only for the specimen(s) tested and may not represent the performance of other specimens from the same or other production lots.

Omega Point Laboratories, Inc. authorizes the client named herein to reproduce this report only if reproduced in its entirety.

The test specimen identification is as provided by the client and Omega Point Laboratories accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracies therein.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Guy A. Haby  
Fire Test Technologist

Date: September 25, 2001

  
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William E. Fitch, P.E. No. 55296  
Executive Vice President

Date: September 25, 2001



## I. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of the ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS (1), a method for determining the comparative surface burning behavior of building materials. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces, such as ceilings or walls, provided that the material or assembly of materials, by its own structural quality or the manner in which it is tested and intended for use, is capable of supporting itself in position or being supported during the test period.

The purpose of the method is to determine the relative burning behavior of the material by observing the flame spread along the specimen. Flame spread and smoke density developed are reported, however, there is not necessarily a relationship between these two measurements.

“The use of supporting materials on the underside of the test specimen may lower the flame spread index from that which might be obtained if the specimen could be tested without such support... This method may not be appropriate for obtaining comparative surface burning behavior of some cellular plastic materials... Testing of materials that melt, drip, or delaminate to such a degree that the continuity of the flame front is destroyed, results in low flame spread indices that do not relate directly to indices obtained by testing materials that remain in place.”

This test method is also published under the following designations:

ANSI 2.5  
NFPA 255  
UBC 8-1 (42-1)  
UL 723

***This standard should be used to measure and describe the properties of materials, products, or assemblies in response to heat and flame under controlled laboratory conditions and should not be used to describe or appraise the fire hazard or fire risk of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions. However, results of this test may be used as elements of a fire risk assessment which takes into account all of the factors which are pertinent to an assessment of the fire hazard of a particular end use.***

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(1) American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), Committee E-5 on Fire Standards



## II. PURPOSE

The ASTM E84 (25 foot tunnel) test method is intended to compare the surface flame spread and smoke developed measurements to those obtained from tests of mineral fiber cement board and select grade red oak flooring. The test specimen surface (18 inches wide and 24 feet long) is exposed to a flaming fire exposure during the 10 minute test duration, while flame spread over its surface and density of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are presented as the computed comparisons to the standard calibration materials.

The furnace is considered under calibration when a 10 minute test of red oak decking will pass flame out the end of the tunnel in five minutes, 30 seconds, plus or minus 15 seconds. Mineral fiber cement board forms the zero point for both flame spread and smoke developed indexes, while the red oak flooring smoke developed index is set as 100.

## III. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMENS

Specimen Identification: 3M™ Contraltac™ Plus Graphic Film  
With Comply™ Performance 180-10C

Date Received: 8/29/01  
Date Prepared: August 29, 2001  
Conditioning (73°F & 50% R.H.): 19 days  
Specimen Width (in): 24  
Specimen Length (ft): 24  
Specimen Thickness: .291 in.  
Material Weight: N/A oz./sq. yd.  
Total Specimen Weight: 97.11 lbs.  
Adhesive or coating application rate: N/A

### Mounting Method:

The specimen was self-supporting and was placed directly on the inner ledges of the tunnel.

### Specimen Description:

The specimen was described by the client as "3M(tm) Controltac (tm) Plus Graphic Film with Comply (tm) Performance 180-10C". The specimen had an adhesive backing and was applied to three 2 ft. x 8 ft. x 0.25 in. thick sections of glass reinforced cement board by Omega Point Laboratories personnel.



#### IV. TEST RESULTS

The test results, computed on the basis of observed flame front advance and electronic smoke density measurements are presented in the following table. In recognition of possible variations and limitations of the test method, the results are computed to the nearest number divisible by five, as outlined in the test method.

*While no longer a part of this standard test method, the Fuel Contributed Value has been computed, and may be found on the computer printout sheet in the Appendix.*

Test Specimen	Flame Spread Index	Smoke Developed Index
Mineral Fiber Cement Board	0	0
Red Oak Flooring	n/a	100
<b>3M™ Contraltac™ Plus Graphic Film With Comply™ Performance 180-10C</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>

The data sheets are included in the Appendix. These sheets are actual print-outs of the computerized data system which monitors the ASTM E84 apparatus, and contain all calibration and specimen data needed to calculate the test results.

#### V. OBSERVATIONS

During the test, the specimen was observed to behave in the following manner: The specimen began to discolor at 0:02 and steady ignition began at 0:09. The test continued for the 10:00 duration.

After the test, the specimen was observed to be damaged in the following manner: The specimen was 100% consumed from 0 ft. - 8 ft. and there were large blisters over the remaining specimen.



# **APPENDIX**

## **DATA SHEETS**



# ASTM E84 DATASHEETS

Client: 3M COMMERCIAL GRAPHICS DIVISION

Date: 9/17/01

Time: 11:08 AM

Test Number: 4

Project Number: 15300-109509

Operator: CH/EH

Specimen ID: "3M™ CONTROLTAC™ PLUS GRAPHIC FILM WITH COMPLY™  
PERFORMANCE 180-10C". THE SPECIMEN WAS SELF-ADHESIVE AND WAS  
APPLIED TO (3) 24" WIDE X 8' LONG X 1/4" THICK GRC BOARDS BY OPL  
PERSONNEL.

## TEST RESULTS

**FLAMESPREAD INDEX: 5**

**SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX: 5**

## SPECIMEN DATA . . .

Time to Ignition (sec): 9

Time to Max FS (sec): 17

Maximum FS (feet): 1.1

Time to 980 °F (sec): Never Reached

Max Temperature (°F): 526

Time to Max Temperature (sec): 571

Total Fuel Burned (cubic feet): 41.71

FS\*Time Area (ft\*min): 11.2

Smoke Area (%A\*min): 5.0

Fuel Area (°F\*min): 4929.6

Fuel Contributed Value: 0

Unrounded FSI: 5.8

## CALIBRATION DATA . . .

Time to Ignition of Last Red Oak (sec): 50

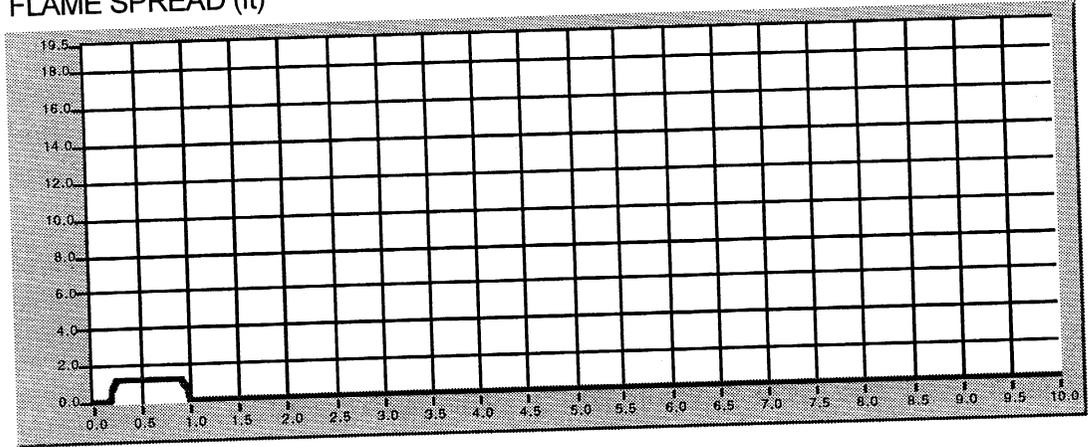
Red Oak Smoke Area (%A\*min): 100.00

Red Oak Fuel Area (°F\*min): 8548

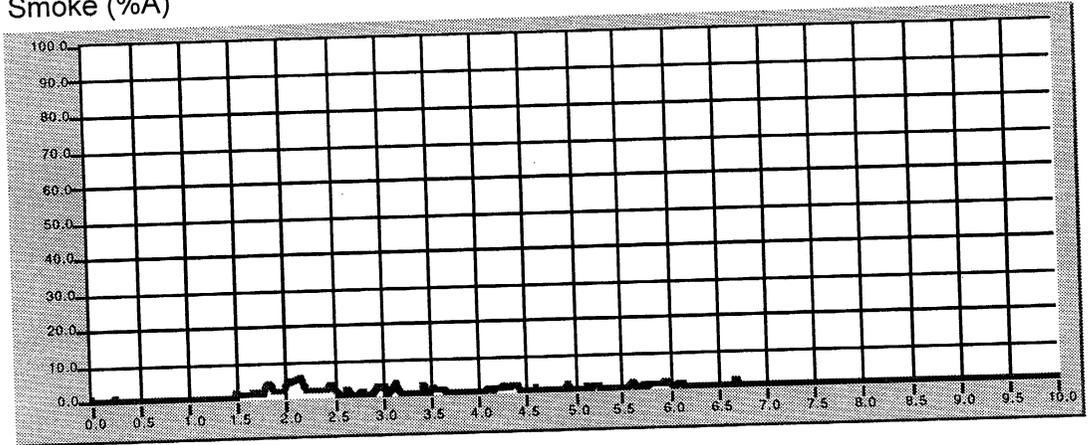
Glass Fiber Board Fuel Area (°F\*min): 5311



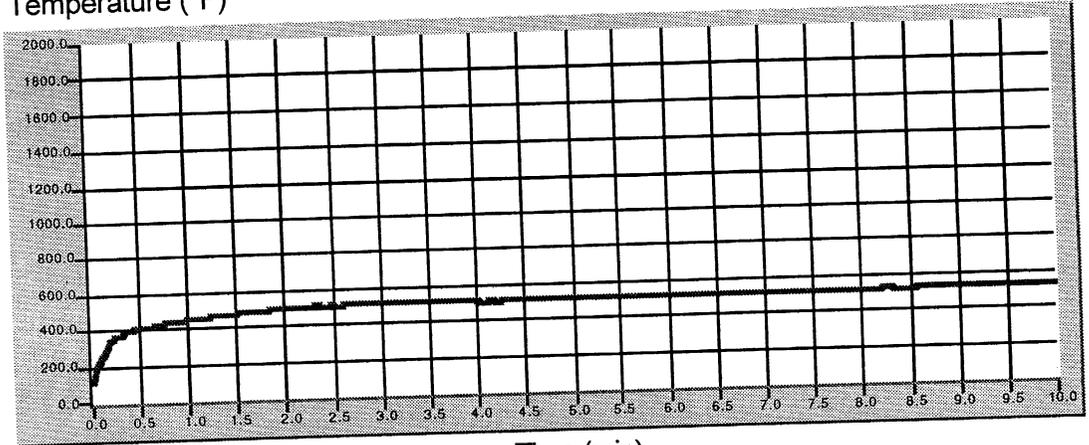
FLAME SPREAD (ft)



Smoke (%A)



Temperature (°F)



Time (min)

